

## **Lessard-Sams Outdoor Heritage Council**

Fisheries Habitat Protection on Strategic North Central Minnesota Lakes - Phase VIII

Laws of Minnesota 2022 Accomplishment Plan

## **General Information**

Date: 05/18/2023

Project Title: Fisheries Habitat Protection on Strategic North Central Minnesota Lakes - Phase VIII

Funds Recommended: \$4,536,000

Legislative Citation: ML 2022, Ch. 77, Art. 1, Sec. 2, subd. 5(l)

**Appropriation Language:** \$4,536,000 the second year is to the commissioner of natural resources for agreements to acquire land in fee and permanent conservation easements and to restore and enhance wildlife habitat to sustain healthy fish habitat on coldwater lakes in Aitkin, Cass, Crow Wing, and Hubbard Counties as follows: \$1,853,000 to Northern Waters Land Trust; and \$2,683,000 to Minnesota Land Trust, of which up to \$216,000 to Minnesota Land Trust is to establish a monitoring and enforcement fund as approved in the accomplishment plan and subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 97A.056, subdivision 17. A list of acquisitions must be provided as part of the required accomplishment plan.

#### **Manager Information**

Manager's Name: Annie Knight

**Title:** Grants Manager & Conservation Specialist **Organization:** Northern Waters Land Trust **Address:** 800 Minnesota Ave W PO Box 124

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**Fax Number:** 

Website: www.northernwaterslandtrust.org

#### **Location Information**

**County Location(s):** Hubbard, Cass, Crow Wing and Aitkin.

#### Eco regions in which work will take place:

Northern Forest

#### **Activity types:**

- Protect in Easement
- Protect in Fee

### Priority resources addressed by activity:

- Forest
- Habitat

## **Narrative**

#### **Abstract**

The Northern Waters Land Trust (NWLT) and Minnesota Land Trust (MLT) will protect critical fish habitat within 48 tullibee "refuge" lakes and their minor watersheds by securing conservation easements and fee title acquisitions. These efforts are prioritized toward the 23 highest priority tullibee refuge lakes. Through this Fisheries Habitat Protection program, NWLT and MLT are working to protect 75% of each targeted watershed, a measure that provides a high probability of maintaining clean water and healthy lake ecosystems. We will permanently protect approximately 750 acres and 6,900 feet of shoreline through this grant.

## **Design and Scope of Work**

Sustaining a strong angling heritage in North Central Minnesota (along with the local economy it drives) revolves around protecting fisheries habitat. Resurging shoreland development pressures and climate change are direct threats to the ecology of Minnesota's lakes. Fisheries research shows that healthy watersheds with intact forests are fundamental to sustaining good fish habitat over the long term; achieving a 75% lake watershed protection goal ensures a resilient and healthy lake ecosystem.

Our protection efforts are focused on tullibee (aka cisco), a preferred forage fish of walleye, northern pike, muskellunge and lake trout. They require cold, well oxygenated waters, a condition most common in lakes with deep water and healthy watersheds. Minnesota DNR Fisheries researchers studied tullibee lakes and designated 68 lakes in Minnesota as "refuge lakes" for tullibee that need protection. Our four county area (Aitkin, Cass, Crow Wing, Hubbard) includes 48 of these tullibee refuges. We are prioritizing twenty-three of these lakes and their minor watersheds. Many are Minnesota's premier recreational lakes.

The Clean Water Critical Habitat Technical Committee evaluated all tullibee lakes in our project area and prioritized 23 lakes and their minor watersheds for action. In assigning priorities, the committee considered: (1) ecological value of the lake, (2) percent of the minor watershed currently protected, (3) number of parcels in the watershed greater than 20 acres in size, (4) partner organizations available for advising on outreach efforts, and (5) investment by other agencies and organizations to protect lands and watersheds. The Clean Water Critical Habitat Technical Committee has also developed a scoring framework to evaluate specific parcels within these priority watersheds (Attachment A). This framework takes four factors into consideration: Program Requirements (at least 20 acres in size, within our service area, and on a refuge lake), Ecological Factors (size, quality/condition of the resource, and landscape context), Threat/Urgency (development or disturbance in the minor watershed and the risk classification from water plans), and Cost (cost of project and donative value). These factors are scored on a scale of 0-210, with the highest score indicating the greatest need for conservation action. These scored parcels are made available in a user friendly format on the online Clean Water Critical Habitat map. This map has directly resulted in the protection of numerous high priority parcels

Due to the high level of interest in the program and its great success to date, we are applying for a Phase VIII of this effort. In this phase, we will protect 750 strategically important acres of land through conservation easements and

fee title acquisitions. Program partners will include County Soil & Water Districts, MNDNR Fisheries, MLT and NWLT. This team will conduct outreach to potential landowners and help evaluate the projects to assure we are prioritizing those projects with the greatest conservation outcomes. In addition, to ensure the best conservation return on the state's investment, landowner willingness to donate a portion of the easement value will be a key component of the parcel's evaluation. MLT will hold the easements.

# How does the plan address habitats that have significant value for wildlife species of greatest conservation need, and/or threatened or endangered species, and list targeted species?

Tullibee (aka cisco) is the preferred forage fish for walleye, northern pike, muskellunge and lake trout. They require cold, well oxygenated waters - a condition most common in lakes with deep water and healthy watersheds. Tullibee populations are the "canary in the coal mine" for three significant threats to Minnesota's sport fisheries: shoreland development, watershed health and climate warming. Deep, cold water lakes with high quality, well-oxygenated waters and natural, undisturbed land cover along the shorelines and within their watersheds will have the best chance to sustain tullibee populations in the face of these threats and will serve as a "refuge" for the tullibee if annual temperatures increase.

Minnesota DNR Fisheries Research scientists studied tullibee lakes and designated 68 lakes in Minnesota as primary "refuge lakes" for tullibee that need protection. Forty-eight of these lakes and their minor watersheds are located in Crow Wing, Aitkin, Cass and Hubbard counties. These lakes are premier recreational and sport fishery lakes. Fisheries research has shown that healthy watersheds with intact forest are fundamental to good fish habitat. MN DNR Fisheries Habitat Plan, states near shore fish habitat affected by shoreland disturbance can impact fisheries. Maintaining good water quality is critical to sustaining tullibees as determined by the water's oxygen level and nutrient content. Lakeshore development decreases a lakes ability to function as a healthy ecosystem for sport fish and their forage, due to increased runoff, but also through physical alternation by lakeshore owners.

# Describe how the plan uses science-based targeting that leverages or expands corridors and complexes, reduces fragmentation or protects areas identified in the MN County Biological Survey:

Timothy Cross and Peter Jacobson in their white paper, "Landscape factors influencing lake phosphorus concentrations across Minnesota" determined coldwater fish communities are especially vulnerable to eutrophication from increased phosphorus concentrations. Decreases in hypolimnetic oxygen concentrations have direct negative effects on fish such as tullibee that physiologically require oxygenated cold water to survive, grow and reproduce. Protection is viewed as the most cost-effective strategy when applied to watersheds where human activities have not already significantly elevated phosphorus levels.

Peter Jacobson and Mike Duval, in "Protecting Watershed of Minnesota Lakes with Private Forest Conservation Easements: A Suggested Strategy", stated that protecting the forests in these watersheds from development is critical for maintaining water quality in these lakes. While large areas of land in forested portions are under public ownership, a considerable amount is also owned by private individuals in some of our most critical lake watersheds. These parcels are increasingly being "split up" and sold. Modeling by MN DNR Fisheries research unit suggests that total phosphorus concentrations remain near natural background levels when less than 25% of a lake's watershed is disturbed. Tullibee "refuge" lakes have watersheds with less than 25% disturbed land uses and are good candidates for protection. Very deep lakes with exceptional water quality to support coldwater fish populations like tullibee were considered priorities by the report.

Minnesota DNR Fisheries researchers studied tullibee lakes and designated 68 lakes in Minnesota as the primary "refuge lakes" for tullibee. We focused our protection efforts of the highest quality tullibee lakes that will require

modest to moderate levels of land protection to achieve 75% protection levels. Protecting the habitats of tullibee "refuge" lakes along the shoreline and surrounding forest lands is essential to a sustained sport fishery.

# Which two sections of the Minnesota Statewide Conservation and Preservation Plan are most applicable to this project?

- H1 Protect priority land habitats
- H2 Protect critical shoreland of streams and lakes

## Which two other plans are addressed in this program?

- Long Range Plan for Fisheries Management
- Other: Leech Lake River Comprehensive Watershed Management Plan (LLRCWMP)

## Which LSOHC section priorities are addressed in this program?

#### **Northern Forest**

• Protect shoreland and restore or enhance critical habitat on wild rice lakes, shallow lakes, cold water lakes, streams and rivers, and spawning areas

### **Outcomes**

## Programs in the northern forest region:

• Forestlands are protected from development and fragmentation ~ Private shoreline habitat and forested parcels totaling 750 acres and 6,900 feet of shoreline will be permanently protected from development and fragmentation through conservation easements. Riparian forest lands under easement will maintain healthy habitat complexes for upland and aquatic species; forest cover will enhance water quality habitat for tullibee lakes. Conservation easement properties will protect fish habitat to ensure high quality fishing opportunities. Greater public access for wildlife and outdoors-related recreation will be attained through fee-title acquisition of properties to be conveyed to either a County or DNR Forestry and managed consistent with the public entity's land management practices.

## Does this program include leveraged funding?

Yes

#### **Explain the leverage:**

This proposal includes the following funds as leverage to our OHF request:

- Landowner donation in the amount of \$190,000 in easement value is proposed based on results obtained in previous and current OHF-funded grants.
- Landowner, lake association and county donations in the amount of \$156,800 is proposed for fee acquisitions. The Conservation Fund is selling land at their costs and below appraised values.

Per MS 97A.056, Subd. 24, Please explain whether the request is supplanting or is a substitution for any previous funding that was not from a legacy fund and was used for the same purpose.

Funding procured by NWLT and MLT through funding from this Outdoor Heritage Fund proposal will not supplant or substitute any previous funding from a non-Legacy fund used for the same purpose.

## How will you sustain and/or maintain this work after the Outdoor Heritage Funds are expended?

NWLT and MLT are long standing conservation organizations that do not depend on Outdoor Heritage Funds to sustain or maintain our work. The majority of financial support for both NWLT and MLT must be raised on an annual basis. The work in this proposal allows both organizations to enhance and accelerate ongoing conservation efforts in North Central Minnesota; these grant funds will not substitute for or supplant other funding sources.

The fee-title acquisitions will be owned and managed by either Aitkin, Cass, Crow Wing, or Hubbard County, or the MN DNR. The Minnesota Land Trust will hold the conservation easements acquired, which will be sustained through the best standards and practices for conservation easement stewardship. The Minnesota Land Trust is a nationally-accredited land trust with a very successful stewardship program that includes annual property monitoring, effective records management, addressing inquiries and interpretations, tracking changes in ownership, investigating potential violations and defending the easement in case of a true violation. In addition, MLT encourages landowners to undertake active ecological management of their properties, provides them with habitat management plans, and works with them over time to secure resources (expertise and funding) to undertake these activities over time.

## **Actions to Maintain Project Outcomes**

Year	Source of Funds	Step 1	Step 2	Step 3
2027 and in	MLT Stewardship and	Annual monitoring of	Enforcement as	-
perpetuity	Enforcement Fund	easements	necessary	

# How will the program directly involve, engage, and benefit BIPOC (Black, Indigenous, People of Color) and diverse communities:

One of the Minnesota Land Trust and Northern Waters Land Trust's core public values is a commitment to diversity, equity, and inclusion. MLT and NWLT have engaged in numerous DEI conversations, all revolving around how we can better address this shared core value and establish positive relationships with all the communities in our north-central region. We believe that enduring conservation success depends on the active inclusion of people and partners whose lives and cultures are linked to the natural systems we seek to conserve. To date, we have demonstrated this commitment when possible, given the funding parameters and our unique role in working with private landowners, including numerous projects to protect camps. These camps include Camp Olson (YMCA) and Star Lake Wilderness Camp, which combine protection of high-quality habitat with serving a diversity of Minnesota youth.

Going forward, we intend to build on this engagement by using diversity, equity, and inclusion as a lens in project, partner, and contractor selection. In our program area, we intend to listen and seek out potential, authentic partnerships that can advance our goals of conserving the best of Minnesota's remaining habitats and, at the same time, being a more inclusive organization.

One related program we are exploring is a new "Ambassador Lands Program" which would connect willing conservation landowners to diverse community groups that need access to land for a variety of programming purposes, such as youth mentor hunts, cultural or ceremonial use, conservation employment training, bird banding, and much more. This would add greatly to the more universal public benefits of conserved lands such as wildlife habitat, clean water, and climate mitigation. Finally, we welcome more conversations with the LSOHC and conservation community about how these values can be better manifest in all our shared work going forward.

## **Activity Details**

### Requirements

If funded, this program will meet all applicable criteria set forth in MS 97A.056?

Yes

Will county board or other local government approval <u>be formally sought\*\*</u> prior to acquisition, per 97A.056 subd 13(j)?

Yes

Is the land you plan to acquire (fee title) free of any other permanent protection?

Describe the permanent protection and justification for additional protection:

Stream Access easement on Kabekona River Complex (see May 2021 letter to LSOHC)

Is the land you plan to acquire (easement) free of any other permanent protection? Yes

## Who will manage the easement?

The Minnesota Land Trust will manage the easements completed under this grant.

#### Who will be the easement holder?

The Minnesota Land Trust will be the easement holder for all easements completed under this grant.

## What is the anticipated number of easements (range is fine) you plan to accomplish with this appropriation?

The Land Trust anticipates 3-9 conservation easements will be completed under this grant.

## **Land Use**

Will there be planting of any crop on OHF land purchased or restored in this program? No

Is this land currently open for hunting and fishing?

No

Will the land be open for hunting and fishing after completion?

Yes

### Describe any variation from the State of Minnesota regulations:

All fee title acquisitions conveyed to a public agency will be open to hunting and fishing.

### Who will eventually own the fee title land?

- State of MN
- County

### Land acquired in fee will be designated as a:

- WMA
- AMA

- County Forest
- State Forest

## What is the anticipated number of closed acquisitions (range is fine) you plan to accomplish with this appropriation?

NWLT plans for one fee title acquisition.

### Will the eased land be open for public use?

No

### Are there currently trails or roads on any of the proposed acquisitions?

Yes

## Describe the types of trails or roads and the allowable uses:

Most conservation easements are established on private lands, many of which have driveways, field roads and trails located on them. Often, the conservation easement permits the continued usage of established trails and roads so long as their use does not significantly impact the conservation values of the property. Creation of new roads/trails or expansion of existing ones is typically not allowed.

For fee title acquisition on TCF property, existing roads and trails have been used for forest management purposes. The MN DNR or County will continue to use these roads and trails for forest management purposes.

## Will the trails or roads remain and uses continue to be allowed after OHF acquisition? Yes

### How will maintenance and monitoring be accomplished?

Existing trails and roads on easement lands are identified in the project baseline report and will be monitored annually as part of the Land Trust's stewardship and enforcement protocols. Maintenance of permitted roads/trails in accordance with the terms of the easement will be the responsibility of the landowner.

For fee title acquisition of TCF property, the MN DNR or County will continue to use these roads and trails for forest management purposes.

## Will new trails or roads be developed or improved as a result of the OHF acquisition?

No

## Will the acquired parcels be restored or enhanced within this appropriation?

No

Funds from this appropriation will not be used for restoration or enhancement.

## Will the land that you acquire (fee or easement) be restored or enhanced within this program's funding and availability?

No

### Explain how, when, and source of the R/E work:

MLT - We do not anticipate that R/E work will be necessary for the significant majority of lands protected through conservation easement associated with this program. If needs are evident, we will amend the accomplishment plan to accommodate for those needs.

NWLT does not anticipate that R/E funds through this grant will not be needed for fee title acquisitions.

## **Timeline**

Activity Name	Estimated Completion Date
Protection of 464 acres of targeted parcels via conservation	June 2026
easement.	
Protection of 286 acres via fee acquisition; conveyance to a	June 2026
county in our service area (Aitkin, Cass, Crow Wing, or	
Hubbard County) or to Minnesota Department of Natural	
Resources	
Landowner outreach, consultation, technical assistance and	Ongoing through June 2026
easement preparation	

**Date of Final Report Submission:** 11/01/2026

**Availability of Appropriation:** Subd. 7. Availability of Appropriation

- (a) Money appropriated in this section may not be spent on activities unless they are directly related to and necessary for a specific appropriation and are specified in the accomplishment plan approved by the Lessard-Sams Outdoor Heritage Council. Money appropriated in this section must not be spent on indirect costs or other institutional overhead charges that are not directly related to and necessary for a specific appropriation. Money appropriated to acquire land in fee may be used to restore, enhance, and provide for public use of the land acquired with the appropriation. Public-use facilities must have a minimal impact on habitat in acquired lands.
- (b) Money appropriated in this section is available as follows:
- (1) money appropriated for acquiring real property is available until June 30, 2026;
- (2) money appropriated for restoring and enhancing land acquired with an appropriation in this act is available for four years after the acquisition date with a maximum end date of June 30, 2030;
- (3) money appropriated for restoring or enhancing other land is available until June 30, 2027;
- (4) notwithstanding clauses (1) to (3), money appropriated for a project that receives at least 15 percent of its funding from federal funds is available until a date sufficient to match the availability of federal funding to a maximum of six years if the federal funding was confirmed and included in the original approved draft accomplishment plan; and
- (5) money appropriated for other projects is available until the end of the fiscal year in which it is appropriated.

## **Budget**

Budget reallocations up to 10% do not require an amendment to the Accomplishment Plan.

## **Grand Totals Across All Partnerships**

Item	Funding Request	Leverage	Leverage Source	Total
Personnel	\$260,000	-	-	\$260,000
Contracts	\$63,000	-	-	\$63,000
Fee Acquisition w/	\$1,613,000	\$161,300	-, Landowner, Lake	\$1,774,300
PILT			Associations, Local	
			Stakeholders	
Fee Acquisition w/o	-	-	-	-
PILT				
<b>Easement Acquisition</b>	\$1,967,000	\$190,000	Landowners	\$2,157,000
Easement	\$216,000	-	-	\$216,000
Stewardship				
Travel	\$17,000	-	-	\$17,000
Professional Services	\$269,300	-	-	\$269,300
Direct Support	\$101,700	-	-	\$101,700
Services				
DNR Land Acquisition	\$20,000	-	-	\$20,000
Costs				
Capital Equipment	-	-	-	-
Other	\$1,000	-	-	\$1,000
Equipment/Tools				
Supplies/Materials	\$3,000	-	-	\$3,000
DNR IDP	\$5,000	-	-	\$5,000
Grand Total	\$4,536,000	\$351,300	-	\$4,887,300

## **Partner: Minnesota Land Trust**

## Totals

Item	Funding Request	Leverage	Leverage Source	Total
Personnel	\$170,000	-	-	\$170,000
Contracts	\$63,000	•	-	\$63,000
Fee Acquisition w/	-	-	-	-
PILT				
Fee Acquisition w/o	-	-	-	-
PILT				
Easement Acquisition	\$1,967,000	\$190,000	Landowners	\$2,157,000
Easement	\$216,000	-	-	\$216,000
Stewardship				
Travel	\$15,000	-	-	\$15,000
Professional Services	\$204,000	-	-	\$204,000
Direct Support	\$46,000	-	-	\$46,000
Services				
DNR Land Acquisition	-	-	-	-
Costs				
Capital Equipment	-	-	-	-
Other	\$1,000	-	-	\$1,000
Equipment/Tools				
Supplies/Materials	\$1,000	-	-	\$1,000
DNR IDP	-	-	-	-
<b>Grand Total</b>	\$2,683,000	\$190,000	-	\$2,873,000

## Personnel

Position	Annual FTE	Years Working	Funding Request	Leverage	Leverage Source	Total
MLT Land	0.44	4.0	\$170,000		-	\$170,000
Protection Staff						

#### **Partner: Northern Waters Land Trust**

#### **Totals**

Item	Funding Request	Leverage	Leverage Source	Total
Personnel	\$90,000	ı	-	\$90,000
Contracts	-	•	-	-
Fee Acquisition w/ PILT	\$1,613,000	\$161,300	Landowner, Lake Associations, Local Stakeholders	\$1,774,300
Fee Acquisition w/o PILT	-	-	-	-
Easement Acquisition	-	-	-	-
Easement Stewardship	-	-	-	-
Travel	\$2,000	-	-	\$2,000
Professional Services	\$65,300	-	-	\$65,300
Direct Support Services	\$55,700	-	-	\$55,700
DNR Land Acquisition Costs	\$20,000	-	-	\$20,000
Capital Equipment	-	•	-	-
Other Equipment/Tools	-	-	-	-
Supplies/Materials	\$2,000	-	-	\$2,000
DNR IDP	\$5,000	-	-	\$5,000
Grand Total	\$1,853,000	\$161,300	-	\$2,014,300

#### Personnel

Position	Annual FTE	Years Working	Funding Request	Leverage	Leverage Source	Total
NWLT Land	0.5	4.0	\$90,000	-	-	\$90,000
Protection Staff						

**Amount of Request:** \$4,536,000 **Amount of Leverage:** \$351,300

Leverage as a percent of the Request: 7.74%

**DSS + Personnel:** \$361,700

As a % of the total request: 7.97% Easement Stewardship: \$216,000

As a % of the Easement Acquisition: 10.98%

## How will this program accommodate the reduced appropriation recommendation from the original proposed requested amount?

Outputs would be reduced proportionately to the funding that was allocated. Calculations would ensure NWLT would secure one priority parcel in fee title acquisition and conduct effective landowner outreach. MLT's budget would enable a proportionate amount of conservation easement acres.

#### Describe and explain leverage source and confirmation of funds:

NWLT - Leverage will be secured through partnerships with counties, local lake associations, and landowners. Land purchased from The Conservation Fund will be purchased at TCF costs and below appraised values.

MLT - Landowners are encouraged to fully or partially donate the value of conservation easements to the program; the leverage amount.

#### **Personnel**

### Has funding for these positions been requested in the past?

Yes

## Please explain the overlap of past and future staffing and position levels previously received and how that is coordinated over multiple years?

NWLT - estimates the personnel costs for fee title acquisition, conservation easement outreach and grant administration activities to accomplish the specific outcomes for each grant.

MLT - FTEs listed in the proposal are a coarse estimate of the personnel time required to produce the grant deliverables put forward in this proposal. An array of staff draw from these funds for legal work, negotiating with landowners, crafting of conservation easements, writing baseline reports and managing the grant.

#### **Contracts**

#### What is included in the contracts line?

MLT - Writing of habitat management plans by vendors, posting of easement boundaries.

NWLT - Does not have any funding in the contracts line.

## **Fee Acquisition**

### What is the anticipated number of fee title acquisition transactions?

NWLT anticipates one fee title acquisition project. If remaining funds are available, these may be applied towards a second project.

## **Easement Stewardship**

## What is the number of easements anticipated, cost per easement for stewardship, and explain how that amount is calculated?

This budget is based on closing 3-9 conservation easements. The average cost per easement to fund the Minnesota Land Trust's perpetual monitoring and enforcement obligations is \$24,000, although in extraordinary circumstances additional funds may be warranted. This figure is derived from MLT's detailed stewardship funding "cost analysis" which is consistent with Land Trust Accreditation standards. MLT shares periodic updates to this cost analysis with LSOHC staff.

#### **Travel**

#### Does the amount in the travel line include equipment/vehicle rental?

Yes

### Explain the amount in the travel line outside of traditional travel costs of mileage, food, and lodging

Minnesota Land Trust staff regularly rents vehicles for grant-related purposes, which is a significant cost savings over use of personal vehicles.

I understand and agree that lodging, meals, and mileage must comply with the current MMB Commissioner Plan:

Yes

## **Direct Support Services**

How did you determine which portions of the Direct Support Services of your shared support services is direct to this program?

NWLT receives annual approval from DNR Grants Program on specific Direct Support Services costs.

MLT - In a process that was approved by the DNR on March 17, 2017, Minnesota Land Trust determined our direct support services rate to include all of the allowable direct and necessary expenditures that are not captured in other line items in the budget, which is similar to the Land Trust's proposed federal indirect rate. We will apply this DNR-approved rate only to personnel expenses to determine the total amount of direct support services.

## Other Equipment/Tools

Give examples of the types of Equipment and Tools that will be purchased? GPS units, safety gear, etc.

## **Federal Funds**

**Do you anticipate federal funds as a match for this program?**No

## **Output Tables**

## **Acres by Resource Type (Table 1)**

Type	Wetland	Prairie	Forest	Habitat	<b>Total Acres</b>
Restore	ı	ı	ı	-	ı
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	ı	ı	286	-	286
Protect in Fee w/o State PILT Liability	ı	ı	ı	-	ı
Protect in Easement	ı	ı	464	-	464
Enhance	ı	ı	ı	-	ı
Total	1	ı	750	-	750

## **Total Requested Funding by Resource Type (Table 2)**

Type	Wetland	Prairie	Forest	Habitat	Total Funding
Restore	ı	ı	ı	ı	-
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	-	-	\$1,634,000	-	\$1,634,000
Protect in Fee w/o State PILT Liability	-	-	-	-	-
Protect in Easement	-	-	\$2,902,000	-	\$2,902,000
Enhance	-	-	-	-	-
Total	•	•	\$4,536,000	ı	\$4,536,000

## **Acres within each Ecological Section (Table 3)**

Туре	Metro/Urban	Forest/Prairie	SE Forest	Prairie	N. Forest	Total Acres
Restore	-	-	-	ı	-	-
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	-	-	-	1	286	286
Protect in Fee w/o State PILT Liability	-	-	-	-	-	-
Protect in Easement	-	-	-	-	464	464
Enhance	-	-	-	1	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	750	750

## **Total Requested Funding within each Ecological Section (Table 4)**

Туре	Metro/Urban	Forest/Prairie	SE Forest	Prairie	N. Forest	Total Funding
Restore	-	-	-	-	ı	•
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	-	-	-	1	\$1,634,000	\$1,634,000
Protect in Fee w/o State PILT Liability	-	-	-	-	-	-
Protect in Easement	-	-	-	-	\$2,902,000	\$2,902,000
Enhance	-	-	-	-	1	ı
Total	-	-	-	-	\$4,536,000	\$4,536,000

## **Average Cost per Acre by Resource Type (Table 5)**

Туре	Wetland	Prairie	Forest	Habitat
Restore	-	-	•	-
Protect in Fee with State PILT Liability	-	-	\$5,713	-
Protect in Fee w/o State PILT Liability	-	-	-	-
Protect in Easement	-	-	\$6,254	-
Enhance	-	-	-	-

## **Average Cost per Acre by Ecological Section (Table 6)**

Туре	Metro/Urban	Forest/Prairie	SE Forest	Prairie	N. Forest	
Restore	-	-	-	-	-	
Protect in Fee with State	-	-	-	-	\$5,713	
PILT Liability						

Protect in Fee w/o State PILT Liability	-	-	-	-	-
Protect in Easement	-	-	-	-	\$6,254
Enhance	-	-	-	-	-

## Target Lake/Stream/River Feet or Miles

6,900 feet

## **Parcels**

For restoration and enhancement programs ONLY: Managers may add, delete, and substitute projects on this parcel list based upon need, readiness, cost, opportunity, and/or urgency so long as the substitute parcel/project forwards the constitutional objectives of this program in the Project Scope table of this accomplishment plan. The final accomplishment plan report will include the final parcel list.

#### **Parcel Information**

### Sign-up Criteria?

Yes - Sign up criteria is attached

### Explain the process used to identify, prioritize, and select the parcels on your list:

Criteria based scoring systems provide a standardized set of data from which multiple projects can be compared relative to each other and individual projects can be compared against a baseline. Scoring systems are a set of data, not a final, complete decision making tool. Local expertise and experience, programmatic goals, timelines, available resources, capacity, and other more subjective factors might also come into play in project selection and decision making.

MLT and LLAWF accept proposals via an RFP process from targeted landowners with properties on prioritized tullibee lakes. A technical team of experts scores and ranks each project proposal and identifies priorities from those submitted.

The attached scoresheet provides an approach to criteria based scoring that considers: 1) Ecological Integrity/Viability as current status; 2) Threat/Urgency as a future scenario if protection is not afforded; and 3) Cost reflecting the overall value realized through the acquisition of a conservation easement (including a reflection of donative value). Ecological Integrity weights property size, condition, and context equally (at least as an initial starting point). The three primary factors, when taken together, provide a good estimate of long-term viability for biodiversity at the site: 1) Size of the parcel to be protected, 2) Condition of the habitat on the parcel, and 3) its Landscape context (both from a protection and ecological standpoint).

#### **Protect Parcels**

Name	County	TRDS	Acres	Est Cost	Existing
					Protection
Round Lake	Aitkin	04923225	0	\$0	No
Long Lake	Aitkin	04625210	0	\$0	No
Cedar Lake	Aitkin	04727231	0	\$0	No
Deep Portage	Cass	13929207	0	\$0	No
Washburn Lake	Cass	13926209	0	\$0	No
Long Lake	Cass	14231233	0	\$0	No
Long Lake	Cass	14128223	0	\$0	No
Girl Lake	Cass	14128233	0	\$0	No
Whitefish Watershed/TCF	Cass	13830229	240	\$376,000	No
Thunder Lake	Cass	14026209	0	\$0	No
Cooper	Cass	14028211	0	\$0	No
Bass Lake	Cass	14026227	0	\$0	No
NWLT - Cedar Lake	Crow Wing	04628231	248	\$1,300,000	No
Whitefish Lake	Crow Wing	13728207	0	\$0	No
Star Lake	Crow Wing	13728225	0	\$0	No
Roosevelt Lake	Crow Wing	13826208	0	\$0	No
Pelican Lake	Crow Wing	13628227	0	\$0	No
Ossawinamakee Lake	Crow Wing	13628204	0	\$0	No

Kenny Lake	Crow Wing	04428202	0	\$0	No
Crooked Lake	Crow Wing	04528216	0	\$0	No
Borden Lake	Crow Wing	04428215	0	\$0	No
Big Trout	Crow Wing	13728223	0	\$0	No
Lower Hay Lake	Crow Wing	13729225	0	\$0	No
Eleventh Crow Wing Lake	Hubbard	14132215	0	\$0	No
Kabekona Lake	Hubbard	14332230	0	\$0	No
Ninth Crow Wing Lake	Hubbard	14032206	0	\$0	No
Big Mantrap Lake/Watershed	Hubbard	14233232	462	\$5,743,000	No
Spearhead Lake	Hubbard	15434223	0	\$0	No
Kabekona River Complex	Hubbard	14332218	659	\$1,200,000	Yes
Big Sand Lake	Hubbard	14138228	0	\$0	No

## **Protect Parcels with Buildings**

Name	County	TRDS	Acres	Est Cost	Existing Protection	Buildings	Value of Buildings
Leavitt Lake/Roosevelt Watershed	Cass	13926224	67	\$387,000	No	3	\$18,400
Little Thunder Lake Watershed	Cass	14025210	81	\$131,800	No	1	\$0

## **Parcel Map**

